

New Phenylpropanoid Diglycosides from *Viburnum furcatum*

IWAGAWA Tetsuo, EGUCHI Satoshi, OKAMURA Hiroaki,
NAKATANI Munehiro and HASE Tsunao

*Department of Chemistry and Bioscience, Faculty of Science, Kagoshima University
1-21-35 Korimoto, Kagoshima 890-0065 Japan*

Abstract

Two new phenylpropanoid diglycosides, 3-phenyl-(2*E*)-propenyl *O*- β -D-apiofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (**1**) and 4-allylphenyl *O*- α -L-arabinopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (**2**), have been isolated from *Viburnum furcatum*, along with the previously known 4-allyl-2-methoxyphenyl *O*- β -D-apiofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (**3**) and 3-phenyl-(2*E*)-propenyl *O*- α -L-arabinofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (**4**).

Key words: Caprifoliaceae, phenylpropanoid diglycosides, *Viburnum furcatum*

Introduction

In previous papers, we reported the isolation of two known flavonoid glycosides, isoquercitrin and kaempferol-7-*O*- α -L-rhamnoside-3- β -*O*-glucoside, from a methanol extract of *V. furcatum* (IWAGAWA *et al.* 1983). In addition three new bitter iridoid glycosides, together with α -amyrin palmitate, β -amyrin acetate, chavicol, sitosterol, ursolic acid, *p*-coumaric acid, succinic acid, sitosteryl β -D-glucopyranose, and 1-*O-p*-coumaroyl- β -D-glucopyranose were isolated (HASE *et al.*, 1985). The structure of furcatin was revised also to be 4-allylphenyl *O*- β -D-apiofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (HASE and IWAGAWA, 1985). Further investigation of the same plants resulted in isolation of two new phenylpropanoid diglycosides (**1-2**) together with two known phenylpropanoid diglycosides, 4-allyl-2-methoxyphenyl *O*- β -apiofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (**3**) (MACHIDA *et al.*, 1991) and 3-phenyl-(2*E*)-propenyl *O*- α -L-arabinofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- β -D-glucopyranoside (**4**) (COMTE *et al.*, 1996). In this report, we describe the isolation and characterization of the glycosides.

Materials and Methods

Plant Material: Leaves of *Viburnum furcatum* were collected in Miyazaki Prefecture in May of 1994 (collection no. 201). The late Dr. SAKO, Faculty of Agriculture of Kagoshima University, kindly provided the species determination. A voucher specimen has been deposited in the herbarium of the Faculty of Agriculture, Kagoshima University, Japan.

Received April 22, 2004

Accepted July 22, 2004

E-mail: iwagawa@sci.kagoshima-u.ac.jp

