# Distribution and Some Morphological Characters of Wild Rice in Nigeria

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# Introduction

During the periods of November in 1984 and October in 1985, the writers have been sent in Nigeria for collection of the wild and cultivated rices under the project, "Studies on the Distribution and Ecotypic Differentiation of Wild and Cultivated Rice Species in Africa", supported by a Grant from the Ministy of Education, Science and Culture of the Japanese Government. In these opportunities, wild rices distributed in Nigeria were studied.

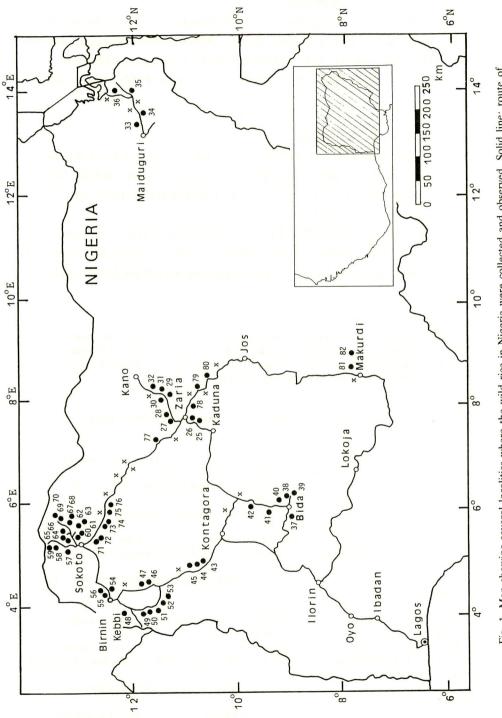
On the distribution of wild rice in Nigeria, some reports have already been published<sup>1-6</sup>). Though Nigeria has been considered to be one of the most important distribution areas of wild rice, accumulation of complete data on these aspect is far from being perfect. Taking these facts into account, the present study was made to accomplish the distribution and ecotypic differentiation of wild rice in Nigeria. In the present paper, the habitat and the record of the morphological characters of unhusked grains of wild rice were described.

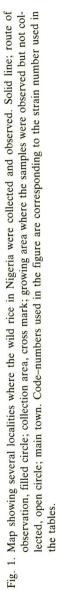
The authors are most grateful to the Government Officials in Nigeria. Thanks are also due to the following persons; Dr. E. H. HARTMANS, Dr. N. Q. Ng, Dr. YAMAUCHI, Prof. M. O. ADENIJI, Prof. J. K. EGUNJOBI, Dr. E. O. OSISANYA, Mr. V. O. SAGUA, Dr. B. B. WUDIRI, Mr. S. MOHAMMED.

## Abstract of distribution and habitat of wild Oryza species

The localities concerned in these trips are northern and northeastern parts of Nigeria. Geographical distribution of wild rice found were briefly illustrated in Fig. 1. In this figure, route of the trips and the growing areas of the wild rice are given.

Most of the seed samples collected were divided into two parts, one of which was deposited in office of Dr. N. Q. NG, IITA, International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, and another one of which was carried back to Japan and their plant and grain char-





acters are now being analysed at Kagoshima University.

## I. Oryza longistaminata CHEV. et ROEHR.

Populations of the species were found in several districts, *i.e.*, Zaria, Dikwa, Bida, Wushishi, Bin Yauri, Koko, Bunza, Yarma, Kende, Birnin Kebbi, Argungu, Sokoto, Rabah, Wurno, Goronyo, Tureta, Talata Mafara, Funtua, Pambeguwa, Makurdi. They were found in road-side ditch, small river, pond, swamp, near paddy field, irrigation canal.

## II. Oryza breviligulata CHEV. et ROEHR.

Populations of the species were found in several districts, *i.e.*, Zaria, Chiramawa, Maiduguri, Bin Yauri, Koko, Yarma, Zaga, Kende, Argungu, Sokoto, Rabah, Wurno, Goronyo, Tureta, Talata Mafara, Jengle. They were found in paddy field, waste land, pond, swamp, along the river, upland field.

Distribution of wild rices collected and only observed were listed up in Table 1 (in 1984) and Table 2 (in 1985). In these tables, collection number, species name, date of collection or observation, detailed locality and some informations of the habitat were described.

Table 1. Distribution and habitat of the wild rice collected and observed in Nigeria, 1984. Abbreviations: L; Oryza longistaminata CHEV. et ROEHR., B; Oryza breviligulata CHEV. et ROEHR., -; only observed and no collection, m; meter or meters, km; kilometer or kilometers, N, E, S, W; north, east, south and west sides of main road, respectively

Col- lected No.	Spe– cies	Date	Place	Detailed locality, habitat and remarks				
W25	L	Nov. 7	Zaria	E 7 km south from Zaria. Road cross small river, 5 m				
	width.	Leersia sp.	growing together	r. Growing sporadically in edge.				
W26	L	Nov. 7	Zaria	E 1 km south from Zaria. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 150 m. Grow-				
	ing thic	kly in edge	and thinner in c					
_	Ľ	Nov. 7	Zaria	E 7 km north from Zaria. Road-side ditch, 5 m $\times$ 100				
	m. Gro	wing spora	dically, pre-matu					
W27	L	Nov. 7		W 10 km north from Zaria. Pond, 20 m $\times$ 200 m.				
	Growin	Growing wide areas, together with a few plants of $O$ . glaberrima. Bricks making in one side						
	in the p	•	, 8	Ferrit Ferrit				
_	L	Nov. 7	Zaria	W 12 km north from Zaria. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 100 m.				
	Growin	g sporadica						
W28	B	Nov. 7	Zaria	W 63 km northeast from Zaria. Growing only in edge				
	-		D. glaberrima, 40					
W29	B	Nov. 7	0	E 63 km northeast from Zaria. Growing only in edge of				
1125	paddy field of O. glaberrima, 50 m $\times$ 200 m, which was separated by waste land, 50 m width,							
		e main roa		× 200 m, which was separated by waste land, 50 m width,				
_	L	Nov. 7	Zaira	W 66 km northeast from Zaria. Growing in edge of				
	paddy i		Zalla	W 00 km normeast from Zana. Growing in edge of				
_	L	Nov. 7	Zaria	E 67 km northeast from Zaria. Growing in paddy field.				
_	L	Nov. 7	Zaria	E 71 km northeast from Zaria. Growing in paddy field.				
				2 /1 km northeast from Zaria. Growing in paddy field.				
W30	В	Nov. 7	Zaria	W 72 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy field, 50 m $ imes$				

100 m, O. glaberrima. Growing only in northern edge, a few plants.

	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Zaria $E$ 72 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy field, 50 m $\times$ 200 m, O. sativa, in the whole edges.
-	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Zaria W 74 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy field of O.
	glaberrima. Growing sporadically.
-	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Zaria W 75 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy field of O.
	glaberrima. Growing thickly.
_	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Zaria W 77 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy fields of O. sativa and O. glaberrima. Growing thickly.
	va and O. guberrina. Orowing unckiy.
_	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Zaria W 78 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy fields of O. sati-
	va and O. glaberrima. Gowing sporadically.
-	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Zaria W 79 km northeast from Zaria. Paddy fields of O.
	glaberrima. Growing sporadically.
-	L Nov. 7 Chiramawa $W$ 27 km southwest from Chiramawa. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 50
	m. Growing only a few plants.
-	<b>L</b> Nov. 7 Chiramawa $W$ 23 km southwest from Chiramawa. Pond, 100 m $\times$ 100 m. Growing only a few plants.
_	L Nov. 7 Chiramawa W 22 km southwest from Chiramawa. Road-side ditch.
	Growing thickly during about 1 km.
-	L Nov. 7 Chiramawa W 18 km southwest from Chiramawa. Swampy area,
	dia. 200 m. Growing sporadically.
-	L Nov. 7 Chiramawa W 15 km southwest from Chiramawa. Swampy area,
	dia. 100 m. Growing sporadically.
-	<b>B</b> Nov. 7 Chiramawa W 8 km southwest from Chiramawa. Paddy field of O.
W32	glaberrima. Growing sporadically. <b>B</b> Nov. 7 Chiramawa $E$ 4 km northeast from Chiramawa. Small pool, 2 m $\times$
	5 m, maturing stage, and 5 m $\times$ 10 m, pre-maturing stage. Both pools were surrounded by
	waste lands, growing several savannah's perennial plants. Growing thickly.
-	<b>B</b> Mov. 7 Chiramawa W 32 km northeast from Chiramawa. Paddy field of O.
	glaberrima. Growing sporadically.
	L Nov. 7 Chiramawa E 32 km northeast from Chiramawa. Swampy area, dia.
	L NOV. / Chiramawa E 52 kiii northeast nom Chiramawa. Swampy area, uta.
-	200 m. Growing a few plants.
-	200 m. Growing a few plants.
– W33	200 m. Growing a few plants.       L       Nov. 7       Chiramawa       E 32 km northeast from Chiramawa. Pond, 50 m × 100         m. Growing together with Leersia sp., sporadically.       B       Nov. 8       Maiduguri       N 27 km northeast from Maiduguri. Paddy field of O.
- W33	200 m. Growing a few plants. $E$ $E$ 32 km northeast from Chiramawa. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 100m. Growing together with Leersia sp., sporadically. $B$ Nov. 8Maiduguri $N$ 27 km northeast from Maiduguri. Paddy field of $O$ .glaberrima. Growing sporadically in edge.
- W33 -	200 m. Growing a few plants.       L       Nov. 7       Chiramawa       E 32 km northeast from Chiramawa. Pond, 50 m × 100         m. Growing together with Leersia sp., sporadically.       B       Nov. 8       Maiduguri       N 27 km northeast from Maiduguri. Paddy field of O.         glaberrima. Growing sporadically in edge.       B       Nov. 8       Maiduguri       N 31 km northeast from Maiduguri. Paddy field of O.
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-	<b>L</b> Nov. 8 Dikwa $N$ 26 km southwest from Dikwa. Pond, 10 m $\times$ 300 m.						
	Growing sporadically, together with <i>Leersia</i> sp.						
-	<b>L</b> Nov. 8 Dikwa $N$ 20 km southwest from Dikwa. Pond, 10 m $\times$ 20 m,						
	near living house. L Nov. 8 Dikwa N 16 km southwest from Dikwa. Road-side ditch.						
-	L Nov. 8 Dikwa N 16 km southwest from Dikwa. Road-side ditch. Growing sporadically.						
	Orowing sporadically.						
-	L Nov. 8 Dikwa N 15 km southwest from Dikwa. River side, 5 m width.						
	Growing only a few plants.						
-	L Nov. 8 Dikwa N 13 km southwest from Dikwa. Road-side ditch, 5 m						
	imes 50 m. Growing sporadically. Pre-maturing stage.						
-	L Nov. 8 Dikwa S 11 km southwest from Dikwa. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 50 m.						
	Growing sporadically in the whole area.						
W35	L Nov. 8 Dikwa N 7 km northeast from Dikwa. Growing in edge of						
	pond, 100 m $\times$ 200 m, relatively many plants. Upland rice, O. sativa, growing in east and						
	north sides of the pond.						
-	L Nov. 8 Dikwa N 24 km northeast from Dikwa. Large pond, 100 m $\times$						
	3 km. Growing in only road-side edge.						
W36	– · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	100 m $\times$ 200 m and 50 m $\times$ 100 m. Growing in the whole of the edge, relatively large amount of plants.						
-	L Nov. 9 Dikwa W 6 km north from Dikwa. Small pool, dia. 10 m.						
	Growing sporadically.						
-	L Nov. 9 Dikwa $E$ 7 km north from Dikwa. Pond, 10 m $\times$ 100 m.						
	Growing sporadically.						
-	L Nov. 9 Dikwa $W$ 24 km north from Dikwa. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 200 m.						
	Growing thickly, but pre-maturing stage.						
_	L Nov. 9 Dikwa $E$ 31 km north from Dikwa. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 50 m.						
	Growing thickly.						
_	<b>L</b> Nov. 9 Dikwa $E$ 35 km north from Dikwa. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 100 m.						
	Growing thickly in the whole areas.						
_	L Nov. 9 Dikwa $W$ 38 km north from Dikwa. Pond. 20 m $\times$ 100 m.						
-	<b>L</b> Nov. 9 Dikwa $W$ 38 km north from Dikwa. Pond, 20 m $\times$ 100 m. Growing sporadically.						
-	Growing sporadically.						
-	Growing sporadically.						

Table 2. Distribution and habitat of the wild rice collected and observed in Nigeria, 1985. Abbreviations: L; Oryza longistaminata CHEV. et ROEHR., B; Oryza breviligulata CHEV. et ROEHR., -; only observed and no collection, m; meter or meters, km; kilometer or kilometers, N, E, S, W; north, east, south and west sides of main road, respectively

Col- lected No.	Spe- cies	Date	Place	Detailed locality, habitat and remarks
W37	L	Oct. 1	Bida	S 18 km west from Bida. Edge of pond, Ministry of
	National	Resources	Fisheries Section	Wuya Fish Farmer, Niger State, $100 \text{ m} \times 600 \text{ m}$ areas.
	But grow	ing in the	whole areas of oth	ner small ponds.
W38	L	Oct. 1	Bida	N 12 km east from crossroad of Bida, and 1 km east
	from Cer	reals Resea	arch Station. Only	edge of pool, 200 m $\times$ 200 m, located on entrance of
		earch Stati		
-	L	Oct. 1	Bida	N 13 km east from crossroad of Bida. Small population
	in swamp	o, dia. 100	m.	
W39	L	Oct. 1	Bida	N,S 15 km east from crossroad of Bida. Large pond,
	100 m >	< 500 m, ;	growing in the wh	nole edge $(N)$ . Edge of paddy fields, O. sativa and O.
	glaberrin	ia, Founda	tion Seed Multipli	ication, FARO; edge of only O. sativa, and in the whole
		ion canals		
	-			

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W40LOct. 1BidaE, W 7 km north from Bida. Swampy area, running river<br/>er in the middle portion. Connected both of the swamps by bridge. 300 m  $\times$  500 m each.<br/>Growing in edge of swamps and rivers.

-	L Oct. 1 Bida	W 18 km north from Bida. Swamp and paddy fields.
_	Growing sporadically in edge of both L Oct. 1 Bida	areas. <i>E</i> 19 km north from Bida. Road-side ditch, 10 m $\times$ 20
• _	m. Growing sporadically. L Oct. 1 Bida	W 45 km north from Bida. Swamp, dia. 100 m. Grow-
	ing thickly.	
-	L Oct. 1 Bida Growing sporadically.	W 50 km north from Bida. Swamp, 100 m $\times$ 100 m.
W41		<i>E</i> , <i>W</i> 15 km south from Wushishi. Swampy areas, joint- m ( <i>W</i> ), 50 m $\times$ 150 m triangle ( <i>W</i> ) and waste land ( <i>E</i> ). cally in the whole ( <i>W</i> ) and a few plants ( <i>E</i> ).
W42	L Oct. 1 Wushishi	W 31 km north from Wushishi. Swamp, 200 m $\times$ 300
	m. Growing thickly only in east side	
-	<b>L</b> Oct. 1 Wushishi $\times$ 50 m. Growing only a few plants.	E 42 km north from Wushishi. Road-side ditch, 10 m
-	L Oct. 1 Kontagora	N 5 km east from Kontagora. Growing sporadically in
11110	edge of paddy field, O. sativa.	
W43		<i>E</i> 12 km north from Bin Yauri. Growing sporadically in n of paddy field, <i>O. glaberrima</i> . Cultivating sorghum in
W44	east field. <b>B</b> Oct. 2 Bin Yauri	E 12 km north from Bin Yauri. Growing only 2 plants
		, allopatrically with <b>W43</b> , <i>O. longistaminata</i> .
_	L Oct. 2 Bin Yauri	E 16 km north from Bin Yauri. Road-side ditch, 5 m
	$\times$ 50 m. Growing sporadically.	
-	<b>B</b> Oct. 2 Bin Yauri glaberrima. Only 1 plant.	E 19 km north from Bin Yauri. Paddy field, O.
W45	L Oct. 2 Bin Yauri	E 35 km north from Bin Yauri. Near Yelwa. Pond, 5 m int of old and new roads, neighbouring paddy field of $O$ .
_	<b>B</b> Oct. 2 Bin Yauri	E 35 km north from Bin Yauri. Near Yelwa. Paddy
		W45, O. longistaminata. Only post-maturing stage.
-	L Oct. 2 Koko growing O. longistaminata, O. sativa	E 27 km south from Koko. Swampy area, dia. 50 m, and O. glaberrima.
	L Oct. 2 Koko	E 24 km south from Koko. Swampy area, dia. 50 m,
	growing O. longistaminata, O. sativa	
-	L Oct. 2 Koko m. Growing thickly.	E 21 km south from Koko. Swampy area, 200 m $\times$ 200
_	L Oct. 2 Koko	W 14 km south from Koko. Pond, 50 m $\times$ 50 m.
	Growing only in edge.	
-	B Oct. 2 Koko	W 9 km south from Koko. Growing in paddy field, 50
_	$m \times 100 m$ . Sporadically. L Oct. 2 Koko	E, W 6 km south from Koko. Growing in edge of paddy
	fields, O. sativa and/or O. glaberrima	
_	L Oct. 2 Koko	E, W 5 km south from Koko. Growing in edge of paddy
	fields, O. sativa and/or O. glaberrima	
-	L Oct. 2 Koko m $\times$ 50 m, sporadically.	E 10 km north from Koko. Growing in small pond, 10
W46	$\mathbf{L}$ Oct. 2 Koko	E, W 29 km north from Koko. Growing in river side
		ing edge of swampy area, dia. 200 m, separated by waste

and small pool, dia. 20 m (E). Growing edge of swampy area, dia. 200 m, separated by waste grass land, 100 m width, from road, and by upland field, cultivating pearl millet (W). Both areas located 2 m lower from the road.

W47 B Oct. 2 Koko W 29 km north from Koko. Swampy area, dia. 200 m,

separated by waste grass land, 100 m width, from the road, and by uplant field cultivating pearl millet. Growing a few plants, allopatrically with W46, O. longistaminata. Oct. 2 Koko E.W 34 km north from Koko. Road-side ditch, 20 m  $\times$ L 50 m (E), small pool, dia. 50 m (W). Growing sporadically. E 44 km north from Koko. Riverbed, growing sporadi-Oct. 2 Koko L cally with O. glaberrima and O. breviligulata. E 44 km north from Koko. Riverbed, growing sporadi-Oct. 2 Koko R cally with O. glaberrima and O. longistaminata. E, W 5 km south from Jega. Riverbed, growing sporadi-Oct. 2 L Jega cally with O. glaberrima and O. breviligulata. E, W 5 km south from Jega. Riverbed, growing a few B Oct. 2 Jega plants with O. glaberrima and O. longistaminata. N 9 km west from Jega. Road-side ditch. Growing a Oct. 2 L Jega few plants. Oct. 3 Birnin Kebbi E 5 km south from Birnin Kebbi. Pond, dia. 100 m, red L soil. Growing sporadically. N,S 5 km northeast of Bunza. Swamp, very large. Oct. 3 Bunza W48 L Growing thickly in southern edge and along the river, sailing boat of pearl millet (N). Large swampy areas. Growing sporadically in the northern edge, using fishing net (S). W 13 km south from Yarma. Pond, 100 m  $\times$  100 m. W49 Oct. 3 Yarma L Growing sporadically in edge of pond and neighbouring of sorghum field. Oct. 3 W 13 km south from Yarma. Pond, 100 m  $\times$  100 m. **W50** В Yarma Growing a few plants, neighbouring W49, O. longistaminata. B 2 km northwest from Zaga. Paddy field, 100 m  $\times$ W51 В Oct. 3 Zaga 200 m, O. sativa and O. glaberrima. Growing a few plants in edge. Near police box. -Kende N,S In Kende Town. Swamp, very large. Growing spo-W52 Oct 3 Τ. radically in only edge, and along the river. S In Kende Town. Swamp, very large. Growing a few W53 Oct. 3 Kende B plants. Same habitat of W52, O. longistaminata, but only along the river. S 13 km northwest of Koko. Paddy field of O. glaberri-Oct. 3 Koko В ma. Growing in the whole areas. S 1 km northwest of Koko. Riverbed. Growing spo-Oct. 3 L Koko radically in the whole areas. E 30 km northeast of Birnin Kebbi. L-shaped swamp, W54 Oct. 4 Birnin Kebbi L 1,500 m  $\times$  400 m. Growing only edge, shallow water, near river, surrounded by upland field. N,S 40 km northeast from Argungu, 1 km southwest W55 L Oct. 4 Argungu from Sainyiana. Pond, 100 m  $\times$  300 m, growing lotus in the central region. Paddy field of O. sativa (N). Pond, 100 m  $\times$  500 m, having small island in the central region, cultivating O. sativa and pearl millet (S). Growing thickly and sporadically in the edge. Shallow and relatively deep water level. W56 S 40 km northeast from Argungu, and 1 km southwest B Oct. 4 Argungu from Sainyiana. Pond, 100 m  $\times$  500 m, having small island in the central region, cultivating O. sativa and pearl millet. Growing sporadically in edge and boundary of pond and upland fields, cultivating sorghum and pearl millet. W 18 km north from Sokoto. Swamp, 200 m  $\times$  100 m. W57 L Oct. 4 Sokoto Partially (west side) growing O.glaberrima. Growing sporadically in edge. Pool, 10 m × 20 m, surrounded by a barbwire fence. Both of them, surrounded by sorghum and pearl millet fields. E, W 24 km north from Sokoto. Swampy area and small **W58** L Oct. 4 Sokoto pool (W). Swampy area surrounded by sorghum field in north side, by paddy field of O. sativa and O. glaberrima in north side, and swamp, 1 km  $\times$  200 m (E). Growing sporadically.

W59 B Oct. 4 Sokoto E, W 15 km north from Sokoto. Swampy area, 10 m × 50 m (W). Swampy area surrounded by sorghum field in south side, by paddy fields of O. sativa and O. glaberrima in north side (E). Growing a few plants. Growing allopatrically with W58, O. longistaminata.

W60 L Oct. 5 Rabah W 8 km northwest from Rabah. Upland rice fields, O. sativa and O. glaberrima, 20 m × 30 m, and 20 m × 50 m, surrounded by sorghum field in north and south sides, and neighbouring with living houses. Growing only in edge.

W61 B Oct. 5 Rabah W 8 km northwest from Rabah. Upland rice field of O. sativa and O. glaberrima, 20 m × 50 m, surrounded by sorghum field in south side. Growing sporadically in edge, and allopatrically with W60, O. longistaminata.

- L Oct. 5 Rabah W 4 km northwest from Rabah. Paddy field of O. sativa. Growing sporadically in edge.

- L Oct. 5 Rabah W 3 km northwest from Rabah. Road-side ditch, 5 m  $\times$  20 m. Growing only a few plants.
- W62 L Oct. 5 Rabah N,S Just west of Rabah. A joint of old and new roads. In swampy area, 500 m  $\times$  2 km, constituted by pond in west side, paddy fields, O. sativa and O. glaberrima in central and only weedy grasses in east side (S). Growing only a few plants in edge. Pond, 200 m  $\times$  500 m, growing lotus in central, paddy field of O.sativa and O. glaberrima, in central regions, neighbouring by sorghum and beans fields in east and west sides, and deep swamp in north side (N). Growing sporadically in edge.

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- W63 B Oct. 5 Rabah N Just west of Rabah. Pond, 200 m × 500 m, growing lotus in central, paddy fields of O. sativa and O. glaberrima in central regions, neighbouring by sorghum and beans fields in east and west sides, and deep swamp in north side. Growing sporadically in edge of western half pond.
- **W64** L Oct. 5 Wurno S 0.1 km west from Wurno Port. Just facing road of the basin. Waste land, 100 m  $\times 1$  km, dominant of *Miscanthus* sp. Growing only a few plants in west and east edges, neighbouring by sorghum fields.
- **W65** L Oct. 5 Wurno W 6 km north from Wurno Town. Paddy field, O. glaberrima and O. sativa, and irrigation canal. Growing only a few plants in their edges.
- W66BOct. 5WurnoW 6 km north from Wurno Town. Paddy field of O.glaberrima and O. sativa. Growing only a few plants in edge.
- **W67 B** Oct. 5 Goronyo W 16 km southwest from Goronyo. Dried-up waste land,  $100 \text{ m} \times 20 \text{ m}$ . Growing sporadically in the whole areas with tall trees.
- W68 B Oct. 5 Goronyo E 16 km southwest from Goronyo. Dried up waste land, 10 m  $\times$  30 m. Growing sporadically in the whole areas. Main road interposed between the two localities of W67 and W68.
- **W69** L Oct. 5 Goronyo E, W 8 km southwest from Goronyo. Pond,  $10 \text{ m} \times 50 \text{ m}(W)$ , pond,  $1 \text{ m} \times 2 \text{ m}(E)$ . Growing a few plants.
- W70BOct. 5GoronyoE 8 km southwest from Goronyo. Paddy field of O.glaberrima.Growing only in edge, neighbouring small pool of W69, O. longistaminata.
  - **B** Oct. 5 Goronyo *E* 6 km southwest from Goronyo. Paddy field of *O*. *glaberrima*. Growing only a few plants.
  - **B** Oct. 5 Goronyo *E* 4 km southwest from Goronyo. Paddy field of *O*. *glaberrima*. Growing only a few plants.
- W71LOct. 6TuretaS 23 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Large pond, $100 \text{ m} \times 300 \text{ m}$ . Growing a few plants in northwest side. Damaged by fungi severely.
- **W72 B** Oct. 6 Tureta N,S 23 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Large pond, 100 m  $\times$  200 m (N) and 100 m  $\times$  300 m (S). Growing sporadically in edge.
  - B Oct. 6 Tureta S 17 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Road-side ditch,  $10 \text{ m} \times 20 \text{ m}$ . Growing thickly.
  - -**B**Oct. 6TuretaN,S 11 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Road-sideditch, 5 m ×10 m (N) and 10 m × 100 m (S). Growing sporadically.
  - **B** Oct. 6 Tureta S 9 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Waste land, 50 m  $\times$  20 m. Growing sporadically.

B Oct. 6 Tureta N 6 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Pond, dia. 10 m. Growing a few plants.

B Oct. 6 Tureta N 5 km northwest from a joint of Tureta. Paddy field of O. glaberrima, dia. 50 m. Growing a few plants.

W73 L Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 8 km northwest from Talata Mafara. Pond, 200 m  $\times$ 

500 m. Water only in central region. Cultivating *O. glaberrima* in edge. Growing in edge. Surrounded by sorghum, beans in east side, shallow water of *O. sativa* in south side, and sorghum in west side.

- W74 B Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 8 km northwest from Talata Mafara. Pond, 200 m × 500 m. Water only in central region. Cultivating O. glaberrima in edge. Growing only in east side edge.
- W75 L Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 4 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Paddy field of O. sativa and O. glaberrima, 100 m × 200 m, surrounded by sorghum and beans fields in east and south sides. Separated by baobab trees from small river in west side. Growing in central region and edge, partially sympatrically with W76, O. breviligulata.
- W76 B Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 4 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Paddy fields of O. sativa and O. glaberrima, 100 m × 200 m, surrounded by sorghum and beans fields in east and south sides. Separated by baobab trees from small river in west side. Growing only in edge, partially sympatrically with W75, O. longistaminata.
   B Oct. 6 Talata Mafara N 7 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Waste land, 10
  - $m \times 50$  m. Growing a few plants. - **B** Oct. 6 Talata Mafara N 8 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Near demon-
  - stration plant field of the government. Pool, dia. 50 m, and waste land, 10 m  $\times$  50 m. Growing sporadically.
  - B Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 18 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Waste land, 10 m × 20 m. Growing a few plants.
     B Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 19 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Pool, dia. 2m. Growing a few plants.
- B Oct. 6 Talata Mafara S 20 km southeast from Talata Mafara. Waste land, 2 m × 5 m. Growing thickly.
  - **B** Oct. 6 Malinchi S 12 km northwest from Malinchi. Pool, dia. 10 m, and  $20 \text{ m} \times 20 \text{ m}$ . Growing with O. glaberrima in edge.
  - B Oct. 6 Malinchi S 7 km northwest from Malinchi. Paddy fields of O. glaberrima, 20 m × 50 m, and 10 m × 10 m. Only in edge.
- B Oct. 6 Malinchi S 6 km northwest from Malinchi. Paddy fields of O. glaberrima,  $10 \text{ m} \times 30 \text{ m}$ . Growing only 3 plants.
- B Oct. 6 Malinchi S 3 km northwest from Malinchi. Waste land, 5 m × 5 m. Only a few plants.

B Oct. 6 Malinchi S Just entrance of Malinchi. Waste land, 10 m × 10 m. Growing thickly.
 B Oct. 6 Maru Growing in edge.

S 6 km southeast from Maru. Waste land, 20 m  $\times$  5 m.

S 11 km southeast from Maru. Waste land, 10 m imes 20

m. Growing only a few plants.
 B Oct. 6 Maru N 22 km southeast from Maru. Paddy field of O. glaberrima. Growing in edge.
 B Oct. 6 Funtua N 14 km northwest from Funtua. Waste land, 20 m × 50 m. Growing in the whole area.

- Oct. 6 Funtua N 9 km northwest from Funtua. Waste land, dia. 50 m. B Growing a few plants. S 6 km northwest from Funtua. Paddy fields of O. B Oct. 6 Funtua glaberrima. A few plants in only edge. N 5 km northwest from Funtua. Waste land, 20 m  $\times$  50 B Oct. 6 Funtua m. Growing thickly. Oct. 6 Funtua S Just entrance of Funtua. Waste land near a dumping В
- ground, 10 m × 30 m. Growing sporadically. - B Oct. 6 Funtua S 15 km southeast from Funtua. Waste land, 20 m ×
  - 30 m, fenced thickly. Growing sporadically.

B

В

Oct. 6

Oct. 6

Growing sporadically.

Maru

Maru

- - - W77	B Oct. 6 Funtua	S 22 km southeast from Funtua. Waste land, 5 m $\times$ 5 owing sporadically in the respective edges. N 23 km southeast from Funtua. Paddy fields of O. m $\times$ 20 m. Growing sporadically in the whole areas. S 24 km southeast from Funtua. Pond, 20 m $\times$ 50 m. N 72 km southeast from Funtua. Lotus pond, 30 m $\times$
		l by roads in west and south sides, and by sorghum fields in
-	<b>L</b> Oct. 6 Funtua $\times$ 20 m. Growing sporadically.	${\it S}$ 77 km southeast from Funtua. Road-side ditch, 10 m
-	<b>B</b> Oct. 6 Funtua m. Growing sporadically.	S 78 km southeast from Funtua. Waste land, dia. 100
-	L Oct. 6 Zaria Growing sporadically in only edge	S 83 km northwest from Zaria. River, 10 m width.
-	L Oct. 6 Zaria Growing only in edge, but thickly	N 77 km northwest from Zaria. Large pond, dia. 1 km.
-		S 61 km northwest from Zaria. Ponds, 2 plots of 50 m
W78	$\begin{array}{ccc} L & {\rm Oct.} \ 7 & {\rm Zaria} \\ m \ \times \ 100 \ m. \ Growing \ thickly \ in \\ {\rm south \ sides.} \end{array}$	N,S 5 km southeast from Zaria. Road-side ditches, 10 separated plots. Sorghum fields neighbouring in north and
-	L Oct. 7 Zaria	S 6 km southeast from Zaria. Pond, 20 m $\times$ 100 m.
-	Growing thickly. L Oct. 7 Zaria	S 7 km southeast from Zaria. Pond, 10 m $\times$ 100 m.
_	Growing sporadically. L Oct. 7 Zaria	N,S 10 km southeast from Zaria. Ponds, dia. 200 m.
-	Growing sporadically only in edge L Oct. 7 Zaria ing in edge.	. S 11 km southeast from Zaria. Pond, dia. 100 m. Grow-
-	L Oct. 7 Zaria	N,S 20 km southeast from Zaria. Swamp, dia. 100 m.
-	Growing sporadically in the whole L Oct. 7 Zaria	N 21 km southeast from Zaria. Road-side ditch, 20 m
_	× 50 m. Growing in the whole ar L Oct. 7 Soba	N,S 19 km northwest from Soba. Near Agricultural De-
-	L Oct. 7 Soba	dia. 100 m. Growing in the central region. S 14 km northwest from Soba. Stream, 2 m width.
-	Growing in edge. L Oct. 7 Soba	C. Last antenna of Calas. Starson, 5 an aridth. Comming in
	edge.	S Just entrance of Soba. Stream, 5 m width. Growing in
-	edge. L Oct. 7 Soba	S Just entrance of Soba. Stream, 5 m width. Growing in S 8 km southeast from Soba. Pond, dia. 50 m. Growing
-	edge. L Oct. 7 Soba thickly in edge. L Oct. 7 Raha	S 8 km southeast from Soba. Pond, dia. 50 m. Growing S 8 km southeast from Raha. Swamp, dia. 100 m.
-	edge. L Oct. 7 Soba thickly in edge.	S 8 km southeast from Soba. Pond, dia. 50 m. Growing S 8 km southeast from Raha. Swamp, dia. 100 m.
-	edge. L Oct. 7 Soba thickly in edge. L Oct. 7 Raha Growing sporadically, but in the w	S 8 km southeast from Soba. Pond, dia. 50 m. Growing S 8 km southeast from Raha. Swamp, dia. 100 m. vhole areas.
- - -	edge. L Oct. 7 Soba thickly in edge. L Oct. 7 Raha Growing sporadically, but in the w L Oct. 7 Raha only in edge. L Oct. 7 Raha width. Growing sporadically.	<ul> <li>S 8 km southeast from Soba. Pond, dia. 50 m. Growing</li> <li>S 8 km southeast from Raha. Swamp, dia. 100 m.</li> <li>vhole areas.</li> <li>S 10 km southeast from Raha. Small stream. Growing</li> <li>N 15 km southeast from Raha. Road-side ditch, 10 m</li> </ul>
- - - W79	edge. L Oct. 7 Soba thickly in edge. L Oct. 7 Raha Growing sporadically, but in the v L Oct. 7 Raha only in edge. L Oct. 7 Raha width. Growing sporadically. L Oct. 7 Pambeguwa Grass land near stream, connecti having lotus pond in their central	S 8 km southeast from Soba. Pond, dia. 50 m. Growing S 8 km southeast from Raha. Swamp, dia. 100 m. vhole areas. S 10 km southeast from Raha. Small stream. Growing

**B** Oct. / Jengle S 1 km southeast from Jengle. Swamp, 100 m  $\times$  200 m. Cultivating *O. glaberrima* in edge. Growing in edge and shallow portion in central region. A

	barbwir	e fence acr	oss the pond.	
_	L	Oct. 8	Makurdi	W Just suburbs of Makurdi. Paddy field of O. glaberri-
	ma. Gro	owing in ed	ge.	
W81	L		Makurdi	S 1 km east from entrance of Makurdi. Swamp, 50 m
	imes 100 r	n, and neig	hbouring padd	y field of O. sativa in east and grass land in west. Interposed
	road an	d ditch bet	ween them. Gro	owing sporadically.
-	L	Oct. 8	Makurdi	S 5 km east from entrance of Makurdi. Pond, dia. 20
	m. Gro	wing spora	dically.	
-	L	Oct. 8	Makurdi	S 10 km east from entrance of Makurdi. Small stream.
	Growin	g in edge.		
W82	L	Oct. 8	Makurdi	S 22 km east from entrance of Makurdi. Paddy fields of
	O. sativ	a, inserted	by stream betw	veen them. Very near of Benue River. Growing sporadically
	only in	edge of no	rth side.	
-	Ĺ	Oct. 8	Makurdi	S 25 km east from entrance of Makurdi. 2 km east of
	Abinsi.	Paddy field	d of O. sativa, o	dia. 50 m. Growing in edge.

## Some morphological characters of unhusked grains

Thirty-four strains of *O. longistaminata* and 24 strains of *O. breviligulata* were collected on these trips, and they were used for morphological investigations of unhusked grains. However, grains of 1 of the former and 3 of the latter species were wholly immature and inadequate to be used for the measurement. Five to 30 grains were used for the measurement of each strain. Measurements were done in length, width and thickness of grains, and done at the most eminent section of the respective characters. Calculations were done for the ratios of length to width, of length to thickness, and of width to thickness. The whole data referring to the six characters were illustrated by the average value in the whole grains.

The whole strains of both of the species were divided into two groups, *i.e.*, Group  $A \cdots$  strains collected in 1984, and Group  $B \cdots$  strains collected in 1985, in aim of future analyses.

#### I. Oryza longistaminata

#### 1. Lengths

Group A: The results are given in Table 3. Lengths for the individual grain level ranged from 11.75 mm (strain No.36) to 7.75 mm (No.27). In the strain level, the longest (10.19 mm) was obtained in No.36. It was noticeable that No.36 showed very large value. The shortest (8.44 mm) was noted in No.26. It was also noticeable that No.26 showed very small value. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $9.30\pm0.81$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, *i.e.*, showing intra-population's variations, the largest (0.70) was obtained in No.35. The smallest (0.24) was noted in No.26. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.56\pm0.19$ .

Group B: Lengths for the individual grain level ranged from 10.30 mm (No.75) to 7.15 mm (No.46). In the strain level, the longest (9.79 mm) was obtained in No.75, followed by No.69 (9.73 mm) and No.73 (8.59 mm). The shortest (7.99 mm) was noted in

Strain No.	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	L/W	L/T	W/T
25	_	_	-	-	_	-
26	$8.44 \pm 0.24$	$2.58 \pm 0.11$	$1.77 \pm 0.08$	$3.27 \pm 0.17$	$4.79 \pm 0.22$	$1.46 \pm 0.0^{\circ}$
27	$8.56 \pm 0.69$	$2.51 \pm 0.13$	$1.71 \pm 0.07$	$3.44 \pm 0.43$	$5.03 \pm 0.54$	$1.47 \pm 0.0$
35	$10.02 \pm 0.70$	$2.99 \pm 0.17$	$1.87 \pm 0.12$	$3.35 \pm 0.23$	$5.37 \pm 0.37$	$1.61 \pm 0.1$
36	$10.19 \pm 0.60$	$3.15 \pm 0.18$	$1.94 \pm 0.17$	$3.24 \pm 0.23$	$5.27 \pm 0.47$	$1.63 \pm 0.1$
37	9.53±0.33	$2.58 \pm 0.05$	$1.78 \pm 0.04$	$3.70 \pm 0.17$	$5.36 \pm 0.28$	$1.45 \pm 0.0$
38	$8.32 \pm 0.24$	$2.31 \pm 0.12$	$1.56 \pm 0.10$	$3.61 \pm 0.17$	$5.35 \pm 0.21$	$1.48 \pm 0.0$
39	$8.76 \pm 0.26$	$2.69 \pm 0.10$	$1.66 \pm 0.06$	$3.26 \pm 0.10$	$5.28 \pm 0.23$	$1.62 \pm 0.0$
40	$8.12 \pm 0.18$	$2.23 \pm 0.02$	$1.72 \pm 0.05$	$3.64 \pm 0.09$	$4.73 \pm 0.20$	$1.30 \pm 0.0$
• 41	$8.45 \pm 0.22$	$2.52 \pm 0.17$	$1.60 \pm 0.06$	$3.37 \pm 0.24$	$5.28 \pm 0.12$	$1.58 \pm 0.1$
42	$8.19 \pm 0.19$	$2.39 \pm 0.09$	$1.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.43 \pm 0.07$	$4.69 \pm 0.22$	$1.37 \pm 0.0$
43	$7.99 \pm 0.15$	$2.38 \pm 0.08$	$1.73 \pm 0.11$	$3.36 \pm 0.13$	$4.64 \pm 0.36$	$1.38 \pm 0.1$
45	$8.25 \pm 0.29$	$2.51 \pm 0.11$	$1.76 \pm 0.07$	$3.29 \pm 0.17$	$4.69 \pm 0.18$	$1.43 \pm 0.0$
46	$7.99 \pm 0.76$	$2.44 \pm 0.12$	$1.48 \pm 0.09$	$3.28 \pm 0.29$	$5.43 \pm 0.70$	$1.66 \pm 0.1$
48	$8.98 \pm 0.39$	$2.66 \pm 0.07$	$1.76 \pm 0.07$	$3.38 \pm 0.16$	$5.11 \pm 0.22$	$1.51 \pm 0.0$
49	$8.22 \pm 0.19$	$2.33 \pm 0.09$	$1.75 \pm 0.05$	$3.53 \pm 0.14$	$4.70 \pm 0.19$	$1.33 \pm 0.0$
52	$8.64 \pm 0.25$	$2.70 \pm 0.06$	$1.52 \pm 0.12$	$3.20 \pm 0.13$	$5.71 \pm 0.43$	$1.79 \pm 0.1$
54	$9.72 \pm 0.21$	$2.48 \pm 0.04$	$1.52 \pm 0.09$	$3.92 \pm 0.13$	$6.42 \pm 0.41$	$1.64 \pm 0.1$
55	$8.13 \pm 0.26$	$2.55 \pm 0.14$	$1.73 \pm 0.05$	$3.19 \pm 0.13$	$4.70 \pm 0.04$	$1.47 \pm 0.0$
57	$8.41 \pm 0.04$	$2.60 \pm 0.07$	$1.75 \pm 0.03$	$3.24 \pm 0.09$	$4.81 \pm 0.09$	$1.49 \pm 0.0$
58	$8.24 \pm 0.22$	$2.33 \pm 0.08$	$1.76 \pm 0.06$	$3.54 \pm 0.16$	$4.69 \pm 0.14$	$1.33 \pm 0.0$
60	$8.32 \pm 0.33$	$2.37 \pm 0.08$	$1.72 \pm 0.04$	$3.51 \pm 0.15$	$4.84 \pm 0.12$	$1.38 \pm 0.0$
62	$8.51 \pm 0.46$	$2.34 \pm 0.07$	$1.62 \pm 0.06$	$3.64 \pm 0.24$	$5.27 \pm 0.42$	$1.45 \pm 0.0$
64	$8.46 \pm 0.10$	$2.25 \pm 0.13$	$1.67 \pm 0.05$	$3.77 \pm 0.22$	$5.07 \pm 0.21$	$1.35 \pm 0.1$
65	$9.01 \pm 0.38$	$2.53 \pm 0.05$	$1.72 \pm 0.02$	$3.57 \pm 0.20$	$5.24 \pm 0.29$	$1.47 \pm 0.0$
69	$9.73 \pm 0.20$	$2.51 \pm 0.04$	$1.68 \pm 0.07$	$3.88 \pm 0.12$	$5.80 \pm 0.18$	$1.50 \pm 0.0$
71	$8.12 \pm 0.15$	$2.46 \pm 0.16$	$1.65 \pm 0.08$	$3.31 \pm 0.16$	$4.94 \pm 0.33$	$1.50 \pm 0.1$
73	$8.59 \pm 0.20$	$2.30 \pm 0.06$	$1.59 \pm 0.04$	$3.74 \pm 0.09$	$5.41 \pm 0.20$	$1.45 \pm 0.0$
75	$9.79 \pm 0.30$	$2.44 \pm 0.14$	$1.67 \pm 0.05$	$4.03 \pm 0.26$	$5.87 \pm 0.20$	$1.46 \pm 0.0$
77	$9.58 \pm 0.23$	$2.18 \pm 0.07$	$1.62 \pm 0.05$	$4.40 \pm 0.16$	$5.92 \pm 0.16$	$1.35 \pm 0.0$
78	$9.43 \pm 0.25$	$2.34 \pm 0.09$	$1.62 \pm 0.05$	$4.04 \pm 0.19$	$5.38 \pm 0.19$	$1.45 \pm 0.0$
79	$8.37 \pm 0.22$	$2.74 \pm 0.02$	$1.77 \pm 0.02$	$3.06 \pm 0.07$	$4.73 \pm 0.13$	$1.55 \pm 0.0$
81	$9.51 \pm 0.21$	$2.40 \pm 0.06$	$1.69 \pm 0.05$	$3.96 \pm 0.09$	$5.63 \pm 0.21$	$1.42 \pm 0.0$
82	$8.67 \pm 0.14$	$2.34 \pm 0.08$	$1.67 \pm 0.04$	$3.71 \pm 0.19$	$5.19 \pm 0.12$	$1.40 \pm 0.0$

Table 3. Six morphological characters of unhusked grains; O. longistaminata, W25 ~ W36 in 1984 and W37~W82 in 1985 illustrated in this table

Nos.43 and 46, followed by Nos.40 and 71 (8.12 mm). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $8.69 \pm 0.58$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.76) was obtained in No.46, followed by No.62 (0.46) and No.48 (0.39). The smallest (0.04) was noted in No.57, followed by No.64 (0.10) and No.82 (0.14). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.25\pm0.13$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups (= 33) were found to be  $8.77 \pm 0.64$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.29 \pm 0.17$ .

## 2. Widths

Group A: Widths for the individual grain level ranged from 3.60 mm (No.36), which was the same as in case of the length, to 2.25 mm (No.27), which was also the same as in case of the length. In the strain level, the widest (3.15 mm) was obtained in No.36, which was the same as in case of the length. The narrowest (2.51 mm) was noted in No.27. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $2.81 \pm 0.27$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.18) was obtained in No.36. The smallest (0.11) was noted in No.26, which was the same as in case of the length. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.15 \pm 0.03$ .

Group B: Widths for the individual grain level ranged from 2.80 mm (Nos.39 and 52) to 2.05 mm (No.77). In the strain level, the widest (2.74 mm) was obtained in No.79, followed by No.52 (2.70 mm) and No.39 (2.69 mm). The narrowest (2.18 mm) was noted in No.77, followed by No.40 (2.23 mm) and No.64 (2.25 mm). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $2.45 \pm 0.14$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.17) was obtained in No.41, followed by No.71 (0.16) and Nos.55 and 75 (0.14). The smallest (0.02) was noted in Nos.40 and 79, followed by Nos.54 and 69 (0.04). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.09\pm0.04$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $2.49\pm0.20$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.09\pm0.04$ .

## 3. Thicknesses

Group A: Thicknesses for the individual grain level ranged from 2.55 mm (No.36), which was the same as in cases of the length and width, to 1.60 mm (Nos.26 and 27). In the strain level, the thickest (1.94 mm) was obtained in No.36, which was the same as in cases of the length and width. The thinnest (1.71 mm) was noted in No.27, which was the same as in case of the width. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.82\pm0.09$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.17) was obtained in No.36, which was the same as in case of width. The same as in case of which was the same as in case of uncertainty of the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.07) was noted in No.27. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.11\pm0.04$ .

Group B: Thicknesses for the individual grain level ranged from 1.85 mm (Nos.37, 42, 43, 45, 48 and 58) to 1.35 mm (No.52). In the strain level, the thickest (1.78 mm) was obtained in No.37, followed by No.79 (1.77 mm) and Nos.45, 48 and 58 (1.76 mm). The thinnest (1.48 mm) was noted in No.46, followed by Nos.52 and 54 (1.52 mm). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.67 \pm 0.08$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.12) was obtained in No.52, followed by No.57 (0.03). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.66 \pm 0.03$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the

groups were found to be  $1.69\pm0.10$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.06\pm0.03$ .

#### 4. Ratios of length to width

Group A: Ratios of length to width (abbreviated as L/W) for the individual grain level ranged from 3.93 (No.35) to 2.83 (No.36). In strain level, the largest (3.44) was obtained in No.27. The smallest (3.24) was noted in No.36. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $3.33 \pm 0.08$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.43) was obtained in No.27. The smallest (0.17) was noted in No.26, which was the same as in cases of the length and width. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.27 \pm 0.10$ .

Group B: L/W for the individual grain level ranged from 4.66 (No.77) to 2.86 (No.46), which was the same as in case of the length. In the strain level, the largest (4.40) was obtained in No.77, followed by No.78 (4.04) and No.75 (4.03). The smallest (3.06) was noted in No.79, followed by No.55 (3.19) and No.52 (3.20). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $3.57\pm0.31$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.29) was obtained in No.46, which was the same as in case of the length, followed by No.75 (0.26) and Nos.41 and 62 (0.24). The smallest (0.07) was noted in Nos.42 and 79, followed by Nos.57 and 81 (0.09). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.16\pm0.06$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $3.54\pm0.30$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.18\pm0.07$ .

#### 5. Ratios of length to thickness

Group A: L/T for the individual grain level ranged from 6.41 (No.36), which was the same as in cases of the length, width and thickness, to 4.29 (No.36), which was the same as in case of the L/W. In the strain level, the largest (5.37) was obtained in No.35. The smallest (4.79) was noted in No.26, which was the same as in case of the length. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $5.12 \pm$ 0.23. In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.54) was obtained in No.27, which was the same as in case of the L/W. The smallest (0.22) was noted in No.26, which was the same as in cases of the length, width and L/W. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.40\pm0.12$ .

Group B: L/T for the individual grain level ranged from 6.73 (No.54) to 4.22 (No.43). In the strain level, the largest (6.42) was obtained in No.54, followed by No.77 (5.92) and No.75 (5.87). The smallest (4.64) was noted in No.43, followed by Nos.42, 45 and 58 (4.69). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $5.22 \pm 0.46$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.70) was obtained in No.46, which was the same as in case of the length, followed by No.52 (0.43) and No.62 (0.42). The smallest (0.04) was noted in No.55, followed by No.57 (0.09) and Nos.41, 60 and 82 (0.12). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.23 \pm 0.13$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the

groups were found to be  $5.21\pm0.44$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.25\pm0.14$ .

#### 6. Ratios of width to thickness

Group A: W/T for the individual grain level ranged from 1.79 (Nos.35 and 36) to 1.32 (No.27), which was the same as in cases of the length and width. In the strain level, the largest (1.63) was obtained in No.36, which was the same as in cases of the length, width and thickness. The smallest (1.46) was noted in No.26, which was the same as in cases of length and L/T. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.54\pm0.08$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.10) was obtained in No.36, which was the same as in cases of the length, width and thickness. The smallest (0.07) was noted in No.26, which was the same as in cases of the length, width, L/W and L/T. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.09\pm0.01$ .

Group B: W/T for the individual grain level ranged from 2.07 (No.52) to 1.20 (No.64). In the strain level, the largest (1.79) was obtained in No.52, followed by No.46 (1.66) and No.54 (1.64). The smallest (1.30) was noted in No.40, followed by Nos.49 and 58 (1.33). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.47\pm0.11$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.17) was obtained in No.46, which was the same as in cases of the length, L/W and L/T, followed by No.71 (0.15) and No.43 (0.12). The smallest (0.02) was noted in Nos.77 and 79, followed by Nos.37, 65 and 81 (0.03). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.07\pm0.04$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $1.48\pm0.11$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.08\pm0.04$ .

#### []. Oryza breviligulata

#### 1. Lengths

Group A: The results are given in Table 4. Lengths for the individual grain level ranged from 10.50 mm (strain No.31) to 7.80 mm (No.29). In the strain level, the longest (9.60 mm) was obtained in No.31. It was noticeable that No.31 showed very large value. The shortest (9.03 mm) was noted in No.30. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $9.25 \pm 0.23$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.62) was obtained in No.29. The smallest (0.37) was noted in No.30. Average and its standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.62) was obtained in No.29. The smallest (0.37) was noted in No.30. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.46 \pm 0.10$ .

Group B: Lengths for the individual grain level ranged from 11.30 mm (No.50) to 8.40 mm (No.47). In the strain level, the longest (10.69 mm) was obtained in No.50, followed by No.63 (10.34 mm) and No.68 (10.17 mm). The shortest (8.59 mm) was noted in No.47, followed by No.72 (8.76 mm) and No.53 (8.84 mm). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $9.44\pm0.57$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.39) was obtained in No.56, followed by No.61 (0.36) and No.44 (0.35). The smallest (0.13) was noted in No.67, followed by No.47 and 80

Strain No.	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Thickness (mm)	L/W	L/T	W/T
28	$9.31 \pm 0.46$	$3.27 \pm 0.20$	$2.26 \pm 0.12$	$2.86 \pm 0.14$	$4.13 \pm 0.24$	$1.45 \pm 0.12$
29	$9.07 \pm 0.62$	$3.05 \pm 0.14$	$2.05 \pm 0.06$	$2.97 \pm 0.15$	$4.44 \pm 0.33$	$1.50 \pm 0.09$
30	$9.03 \pm 0.37$	$3.20 \pm 0.09$	$2.13 \pm 0.07$	$2.83 \pm 0.13$	$4.24 \pm 0.19$	$1.50 \pm 0.06$
31	$9.60 \pm 0.40$	$3.02 \pm 0.13$	$2.05 \pm 0.06$	$3.19 \pm 0.11$	$4.70 \pm 0.20$	$1.48 \pm 0.07$
32	-		_	_	-	-
33		_	-	_	-	-
34	= =	-	-	-	-	-
44	$9.04 \pm 0.35$	$3.44 \pm 0.12$	$2.07 \pm 0.04$	$2.63 \pm 0.06$	4.37±0.22	$1.66 \pm 0.09$
47	$8.59 \pm 0.16$	$3.36 \pm 0.06$	$1.98 \pm 0.07$	$2.56 \pm 0.08$	$4.34 \pm 0.09$	$1.70 \pm 0.07$
50	$10.69 \pm 0.34$	$2.69 \pm 0.04$	$1.82 \pm 0.04$	$3.97 \pm 0.12$	$5.88 \pm 0.20$	$1.48 \pm 0.04$
51	$9.25 \pm 0.18$	$3.34 \pm 0.04$	$1.73 \pm 0.06$	$2.77 \pm 0.07$	$5.35 \pm 0.19$	$1.93 \pm 0.08$
53	$8.84 \pm 0.15$	$3.30 \pm 0.09$	$2.00 \pm 0.06$	$2.68 \pm 0.08$	$4.42 \pm 0.10$	$1.65 \pm 0.06$
56	$9.34 \pm 0.39$	$3.47 \pm 0.13$	$1.97 \pm 0.07$	$2.69 \pm 0.05$	$4.75 \pm 0.22$	$1.76 \pm 0.05$
59	$9.60 \pm 0.21$	$2.92 \pm 0.09$	$1.95 \pm 0.03$	$3.29 \pm 0.08$	$4.93 \pm 0.15$	$1.50 \pm 0.05$
61	$9.30 \pm 0.36$	$3.45 \pm 0.07$	$2.06 \pm 0.04$	$2.70 \pm 0.07$	$4.52 \pm 0.23$	$1.68 \pm 0.05$
63	$10.34 \pm 0.17$	$3.28 \pm 0.08$	$1.98 \pm 0.02$	$3.15 \pm 0.06$	$5.22 \pm 0.13$	$1.66 \pm 0.04$
66	$10.01 \pm 0.24$	$3.26 \pm 0.07$	$1.91 \pm 0.06$	$3.07 \pm 0.13$	$5.24 \pm 0.10$	$1.71 \pm 0.08$
67	$8.96 \pm 0.13$	$2.49 \pm 0.09$	$1.66 \pm 0.09$	$3.60 \pm 0.16$	$5.41 \pm 0.26$	$1.51 \pm 0.13$
68	$10.17 \pm 0.19$	$2.79 \pm 0.07$	$1.80 \pm 0.05$	$3.65 \pm 0.04$	$5.65 \pm 0.11$	$1.55 \pm 0.02$
70	$9.68 \pm 0.19$	$2.67 \pm 0.04$	$1.77 \pm 0.04$	$3.63 \pm 0.04$	$5.47 \pm 0.22$	$1.51 \pm 0.05$
72	$8.76 \pm 0.23$	$2.80 \pm 0.10$	$1.72 \pm 0.04$	$3.13 \pm 0.06$	$5.10 \pm 0.15$	$1.63 \pm 0.06$
74	$9.46 \pm 0.22$	$3.33 \pm 0.10$	$2.04 \pm 0.02$	$2.84 \pm 0.13$	$4.64 \pm 0.07$	$1.63 \pm 0.05$
76	$9.25 \pm 0.20$	$3.28 \pm 0.05$	$1.97 \pm 0.07$	$2.82 \pm 0.09$	$4.70 \pm 0.11$	$1.67 \pm 0.07$
80	$9.09 \pm 0.16$	$3.48 \pm 0.10$	$2.23 \pm 0.08$	$2.65 \pm 0.12$	$4.08 \pm 0.16$	$1.54 \pm 0.07$

Table 4. Six morphological characters of unhusked grains; O. breviligulata, W28~W34 in 1984 and W44 ~W80 in 1985 illustrated in this table

(0.16). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.23 \pm 0.08$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups (=21) were found to be  $9.40 \pm 0.53$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.27 \pm 0.12$ .

#### 2. Widths

Group A: Widths for the individual grain level ranged from 3.70 mm (No.28) to 2.70 mm (No.31). In the strain level, the widest (3.27 mm) was obtained in No.28. The narrowest (3.02 mm) was noted in No.31. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $3.14\pm0.10$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.20) was obtained in No.28. The smallest (0.09) was noted in No.30, which was the same as in case of the length. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.14\pm0.04$ .

Group B: Widths for the individual grain level ranged from 3.70 mm (No.56) to 2.35 mm (No.67). In the strain level, the widest (3.47 mm) was obtained in No.56, followed by No.61 (3.45 mm) and No.44 (3.44 mm). The narrowest (2.49 mm) was noted in No.67, followed by No.70 (2.67 mm) and No.50 (2.69 mm). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $3.14\pm0.32$ . In the standard devia-

tions of each strain, the largest (0.13) was obtained in No.56, which was the same as in case of the length, followed by No.44 (0.12). The smallest (0.04) was noted in Nos.50, 51 and 70. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.08\pm0.03$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $3.14\pm0.29$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.09\pm0.04$ .

## 3. Thicknesses

Group A: Thicknesses for the individual grain level ranged from 2.50 mm (No.28), which was the same as in case of the width, to 1.95 mm (Nos.29 and 31). In the strain level, the thickest (2.26 mm) was obtained in No.28, which was the same as in case of the width. The thinnest (1.05 mm) was noted in Nos.29 and 31. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $2.12 \pm 0.09$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.12) was obtained in Nos.29 and 31. Average and its same as in case of the width. The smallest (0.06) was noted in Nos.29 and 31. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.08 \pm 0.03$ .

Group B: Thicknesses for the individual grain level ranged from 2.35 mm (No.80) to 1.55 mm (No.67), which was the same as in case of the width. In the strain level, the thickest (2.23 mm) was obtained in No.80, followed by No.44 (2.07 mm) and No.61 (2.06 mm). The thinnest (1.66 mm) was noted in No.67, which was the same as in case of the width, followed by No.72 (1.72 mm) and No.51 (1.73 mm). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.92 \pm 0.15$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.09) was obtained in No.67, followed by No.80 (0.08). The smallest (0.02) was noted in Nos.63 and 74, followed by No.59 (0.03). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.05 \pm 0.02$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $1.96\pm0.16$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.06\pm0.02$ .

#### 4. Ratios of length to width

Group A: Ratios of length to width (abbreviated as L/W) for the individual grain level ranged from 3.43 (No.31), which was the same as in case of the length, to 2.59 (No.28). In the strain level, the largest (3.19) was obtained in No.31, which was the same as in case of the length. The smallest (2.83) was noted in No.30, which was the same as in case of the length. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $2.96\pm0.14$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.15) was obtained in No.31. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.13\pm0.02$ .

Group B: L/W for the individual grain level ranged from 3.83 (No.67) to 2.50 (No.47), which was the same as in case of the length. In the strain level, the largest (3.97) was obtained in No.50, which was the same as in case of the length, followed by No.68 (3.65) and No.70 (3.63). The smallest (2.56) was noted in No.47, which was the

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same as in case of the length, followed by No.44 (2.63) and No.80 (2.65). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $3.05 \pm 0.42$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.16) was obtained in No.67, which was the same as in case of the thickness, followed by Nos.66 and 74 (0.13). The smallest (0.04) was noted in Nos.68 and 70, followed by No.56 (0.05). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.09 \pm 0.03$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $3.03\pm0.39$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.09\pm0.04$ .

#### 5. Ratios of length to thickness

Group A: L/T for the individual grain level ranged from 5.05 (No.31), which was the same as in cases of the length and L/W, to 3.77 (No.28), which was the same as in case of the L/W. In the strain level, the largest (4.70) was obtained in No.31, which was the same as in cases of the length and L/W. The smallest (4.13) was noted in No.28. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $4.38 \pm$ 0.22. In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.33) was obtained in No.29, which was the same as in cases of the length and L/W. The smallest (0.19) was noted in No.30, which was the same as in cases of the length and width. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.24\pm0.06$ .

Group B: L/T for the individual grain level ranged from 6.11 (No.50), which was the same as in case of the length, to 3.85 (No.80). In the strain level, the largest (5.88) was obtained in No.50, which was the same as in cases of the length and L/W, followed by No.68 (5.65) and No.67 (5.41). The smallest (4.08) was noted in No.80, followed by No.47 (4.34) and No.44 (4.37). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $4.95\pm0.50$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.26) was obtained in No.67, which was the same as in cases of thickness and L/W, followed by No.61 (0.23) and Nos.44, 56 and 70 (0.22). The smallest (0.07) was noted in No.74, followed by No.47 (0.09) and Nos.53 and 66 (0.10). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.16\pm0.06$ .

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $4.84\pm0.51$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.18\pm0.07$ .

#### 6. Ratios of width to thickness

Group A: W/T for the individual grain level ranged from 1.68 (No.28), which was the same as in cases of the width and thickness, to 1.22 (No.28), which was the same as in cases of the L/W and L/T. In the strain level, the largest (1.50) was obtained in Nos.29 and 30. The smallest (1.45) was noted in No.28, which was the same as in case of the L/T. Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.48 \pm 0.02$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.12) was obtained in No.28, which was the same as in cases of the width and thickness. The smallest (0.06) was noted in No.30, which was the same as in cases of the length, width and L/T. Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be  $0.09 \pm 0.02$ . Group B: W/T for the individual grain level ranged from 2.03 (No.51) to 1.31 (No.67), which was the same as in cases of the width and thickness. In the strain level, the largest (1.93) was obtained in No.51, followed by No.56 (1.76) and No.66 (1.71). The smallest (1.50) was noted in No.59, followed by Nos.67 and 70 (1.51). Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains were found to be  $1.62 \pm 0.13$ . In the standard deviations of each strain, the largest (0.13) was obtained in No.67, which was the same as in cases of thickness, L/W and L/T, followed by No.44 (0.09) and Nos.51 and 66 (0.08). The smallest (0.02) was noted in No.68, which was the same as in case of the L/W, followed by Nos.50 and 63 (0.04). Average and its standard deviations in the whole strains were found to be 0.06±0.03.

Whole: Average and its standard deviations through the whole strains of both of the groups were found to be  $1.59\pm0.13$ . Standard deviations of each strain were found to be  $0.06\pm0.03$ .

#### Summary

During the trips of November in 1984 and of October in 1985 in Nigeria, 58 strains of wild rice, *i.e.*, 34 of *Oryza longistaminata* CHEV. et ROEHR. and 24 strains of *Oryza breviligulata* CHEV. et ROEHR., were collected and many populations of them were observed. Their localities and habitats were reported in detail. Locality names are as follows; Zaria, Dikwa, Bida, Wushishi, Bin Yauri, Koko, Bunza, Yarma, Kende, Birnin Kebbi, Argungu, Sokoto, Rabah, Wurno, Goronyo, Tureta, Talata Mafara, Funtua, Pambeguwa, Makurdi, Chiramawa, Maiduguri, Zaga, Jengle.

Strains of both species were divided into two groups, *i.e.*, Group A — strains collected in 1984, Group B — strains collected in 1985. In case of *O. longistaminata*, lengths were found to be 9.30 mm, 8.69 mm and 8.77 mm in Group A, Group B and through the whole in average values, respectively. Widths were found to be 2.81 mm, 2.45 mm and 2.49 mm in the same order, respectively. Thicknesses were found to be 1.82 mm, 1.67 mm and 1.69 mm in the same order, respectively. Ratios of length to width were found to be 3.33, 3.57 and 3.54 in the same order, respectively. Ratios of length to thickness were found to be 5.12, 5.22 and 5.21 in the same order, respectively. Ratios of width to thickness were found to be 1.54, 1.47 and 1.48 in the same order, respectively. It may be noticeable that population of No.36, collected in pond near Dikwa, showed the large values in length, width and thickness.

In case of *O. breviligulata*, lengths were found to be 9.25 mm, 9.44 mm and 9.40 mm in the same order, respectively. Widths were found to be 3.14 mm, 3.14 mm and 3.14 mm in the same order, respectively. Thicknesses were found to be 2.12 mm, 1.92 mm and 1.96 mm in the same order, respectively. Ratios of length to width were found to be 2.96, 3.05 and 3.03 in the same order, respectively. Ratios of length to thickness were found to be 4.38, 4.95 and 4.84 in the same order, respectively. Ratios of width to thickness were found to be 1.48, 1.62 and 1.59 in the same order, respectively. It may be

noticeable that population of No.50, collected in pond near Yarma, showed the large values in length, ratios of length to width and of length to thickness.

In the analyses of the data obtained in the field survey, morphological and genetical characters, ecotypic and varietal differentiations may be discussed in the future.

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